YESTERDAY WAS PEACEFUL IN THE LEGISLATURE.

Vindication of Senate Chair.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

LL WAS quiet within the Senate chamber yesterday for the incident of the day preceding had left its impression and no seemed willing to take an aggressive stand on any question. An impiled apology from Senator Cecil Brown and the vindication of the chair by the majority of the Senate marked the day. Many bills were given their introductory reading and many notices

The chief argument of the day occurred over the introduction of the Governor's estimates, which were finally referred to a committee with instructions to reduce the estimates to the form of a bill.

of more bills to come were also given.

QUIET DAY IN SENATE

HE Senate lobby who were expecting to see the question which had caused trouble on Tuesday afternoon resumed again yesterday morning, were somewhat disappointed when immediately after the reading of the minutes Senator Cecil Brown arose from his chair and virtually apologized for his behavior on the preceding

Yet there was a string attached to that apology, for the Senator gave the President to clearly understand that he would make a more complete apology if he was found in the wrong, but that he did not think he had erred. However, Brown gained his point, for his version of the incident is now, a part of the journal of the Senate, and

part of the journal of the Senate, and though it is as nearly unbiased as it would be possible for one of the participants of the affair to make it, yet the statement makes it appear that the Senator was the wronged party. There is always a calm after a storm, and the Senatorial body was as meek as a lamb yesterday, very little opposition being made to any of the proposials made. Senators Brown, Carter and White were unusually quiet throughout the session, and it is evident that the event of the day before was still fresh in their minds.

Immediately after the reading of the minutes yesterday morning at the minutes yesterday morning at the meeting of the Senate, Cecil Brown arose to a question of privilege and stated that yesterday afternoon the President ordered the Sergeant-at-Arms to remove him from the house.

"I now wish to make a statement, so that it will appear on the records," he continued.

"The first question which arose was concerning the resolution of Achl. I claim that at that time the voting of the President was contrary to the

that it will appear continued.

"The first question which arose was concerning the resolution of Achi. I claim that at that time the voting of claim that at that time the voting of rules; and to support my contention of that time I now cite section 1 of rule 9, relating to the duties of offi-cers, under the head. "It shall be the

duty of the President, etc.
"Rule 45, under sub-division 4, provides that the President may vote in case of a tle, but in the voting here yesterday the President first voted 'No.'

After that during the debate the President claimed the right to vote on the final passage of a bill, and I think the President must have become con-fused with the rules of the Lower

"Understanding the ruling of the President to be that he claimed that right under the supposition that the joint resolution was a bill, I appealed from the Chair. At that time Mr. White arose to his feet and interrupted me, and it was at that time that the Chair ordered me under arrest and the House adjourned.

"I simply wish to make this statement so that the facts will go on record, and if I was wrong I am willing to apologize to the House. I admit that I lost my temper and that if I had not done so the affair might not have happened."

By order of the Chair the explana-

tion of Cecil Brown was spread upon

the minutes.

The communication from the Lower House, accompanying House bill 1.
which passed that body Monday, and was referred back to the House from the Senate on Tuesday for the proper certification, was read.
Cecil Brown claimed that the bill as

presented was not in the proper form as yet, as the certificate was not at-tached, and moved that the bill be again returned. Motion carried. Kalauokalani, chairman of the Com-

mittee on Printing, reported that it recommended that the printing be di-vided equally between the Hawattan Company, Bulletin,

Gazette Company, Bulletin, Kuokoa koa and Republican, who had each tendered the same bid.

Senator Cecil Brown was granted permission to read the bills, of which he had given notice early in the week. Kalauokalani gave notice of his intention to introduce a bill providing for the exemption of certain personal property from attachment execution. property from attachment, execution, distress and forced sales of every kind and to repeal all laws in conflict with said bill. Achi was granted permission to read

by title bills of which he had given notice, and they, like those of Senator Brown, were referred to the Printing Committee.

Carter gave notice of his intention to introduce a bill relating to merchan-

se licenses.

The appeal of Cecil Brown was tak-

The appeal of Cecil Brown was taken up and upon the request of the Chair the Senator again stated his grievance to the House. The vote resulted in the Chair being sustained by a vote of seven to six.

Cecil Brown moved that a committee be appointed to transfer the appropriations, as suggested by the Governor, into the form of a bill, and motion carried.

Achi amended the motion to place

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Mr. Gear has for the past five years occupied an enviable position at the Hawaiian Bar. --- Republican.

tinued the discussion until the recess

The question regarding the concurrent resolution concerning taxes was taken up immediately after the Senate convened in the afternoon, and Senator Brown moved that it be referred to the Committee on Ways and Means to consist of four members, with Sena-tor Baldwin as chairman of the same, and this committee be instructed to confer with the committee appointed from the Lower House . A vote being taken resulted in seven

A vote being taken resulted in seven to two in favor of the motion. White offered an amendment pro-posing Senator Paris in place of Bald-win, and after a short argument the amendment was admitted. But little business of importance was transacted and the Senate adjourned until this morning.

WANT NO MORE PERSONAL TAX

By order of the Chair the explana- To Abolish School, Poll and Road Tax.

Representative C. H. Dickey introducprinted form, as follows:

Act to Abolish Personal Taxes. Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the Territory of Hawali:

Section 1. The levying, assessment and collection of personal taxes heretofore known as poll, road and school taxes are hereby abollshed.

A PATRIOTIC SPIRIT SHOWN

The Public Works To **Employ Only** Voters.

Representative J. K. Hible introduced House bill 21 yesterday, as follows:

An Act to Provide That Only American Citizens and Qualified Voters of the Territory of Hawaii Shall Be Employed in Public Works.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the Territory of Hawaii:

Section 1. That all public works in the Territory of Hawaii, either mechan-ical, industrial, or otherwise, shall be performed only by American citizens and who are qualified voters residing in this

This Act shall take effect from and after the date of its publication

EDUCATION ON THE MAINLAND

members of the House, seems to be la- percentage in his studies. boring under the impression that Hawaii is yet under monarchical rule, and that many of the acts done in that hey-day of the bestowal of kingly and queenly favors may be repeated, and that Haed bill 27 into the House yesterday, in wall can send its Hawalian youth abroad or upon the Mainland to be educated at and the highest standard shall be se the expense of the local Treasury. The lected. member introduced a bill in the House yesterday providing for the regulating of the sending of Hawahan youths to the Mainland or abroad to be educated, The bill is in reality only a rehash chapter 12 of the Civil Laws of 1 wherein the local Government at ti Sec. 2. All sections or parts of sections time undertook to send its youth of laws inconsistent with this Act are schools in Europe or America to be edu-hereby repealed. hereby repealed.

Sec. 2. This Act shall take effect on the first day of January, A. D. 1902, and shall not be so construed as to interfere in any way with the assessment and collection of the personal taxes of A. D. 1901.

the acquiring of a knowledge of military tactics, but Robert Wilcox received instructions in the artillery branch and tried it on King Kalakaua upon his return to Hawali.

This chapter was repealed by Congress, but this has not daunted the Republican member from the Fourth District in the least. Instead of using the word "Minister of Foreign Affairs," Mr. Kumalae has adopted "Secretary of the Territory," but otherwise there is little chapter exceeding the district of the secretary of the chapter exceeding the district of the secretary of the secretary in decorates from the little change, except in dropping from the list of studies, "Bookkeeping and stenogra-phy" and "Carpentry and drawing," which he does not think are necessary for a Hawaiian youth to know while being educated as a ward of the Terri-tory. His bill is as follows:

An Act to Provide for and to Regulate the Sending of Youths to the Main-iand or Abroad to be Educated. Be it Enacted by the Legislature of the Territory of Hawaii:

Section 1. The Secretary of the Terri-ory of Hawaii with the concurrence of he members of the Board of Education, shall select worthy poor youths to send to the United States or abroad to be educated, from the select schools estab-lished in the Territory, and who have graduated from the same or have ceived proper recommendation from the teacher or teachers of the schools where they have been educated, and such youths shall be selected as follows: Three youths from the Island of Ha-wall, two from the Islands of Maul, Molokal and Lanal, four from the Island of Oahu and one from the Islands of Kanai and Niihau.

Sec. 2. Every parent or youth shall submit the name of such youth to the Secretary of the Territory by application in writing stating his conduct, the cer-Jonah Kumalae, one of the Republican that he has attended school, and the

Sec. 3. If there be several applications whitted to the Secretary of the Terriory, and such applications shall exceed the number permitted by this Act. Secretary of the Territory shall then call the applicants to Honolulu and cause in presence of himself and the Board of

Sec. 4. The Secretary of the Territory with the Board of Education are here-by directed to send the said youths only by directed to send the said youths only to be taught in the following occupations: First, the legal profession; second, the medical profession; third, surveying and civil engineering; fourth, the art of teaching. And the youths shall pursue such course of studies until they shall receive diplomas from the instructor of the schools on the Mainland or abroad. Sec. 5. When it shall become known to the Secretary of the Treasury that a vacancy has occurred in some of the places of said youth, by graduation, death or other causes, he shall immediately publish such fact in some English and Hawaiian newspapers printed and published at Honolulu, in order that such yacancies may be filled. The youths ublished at Honolulu, in order that uch vacancies may be filled. The youths is fill such vacancy or vacancies shall a selected from the Island from which be selected from the Island from which the youth whose place is vacant came. Sec. 6. A sufficient sum of money shall be set apart in the appropriation bill, at each blennial meeting of the Legislature, for the purposes set forth in this Act, and shall be paid out of the Territorial Treasury on the order of the Secretary of the Territory.

Those who expect to go to the Coast on the Oceanic steamship is ventura on April 2 will be disappointed. The Ventura will not take any passengers from Honolulu to San Francisco except a large party who have engaged the entire steamship for the trip from the Paradise of the Pacific to the Mainland. Orders to this effect have been in frequency of the Pacific to the Mainland. Orders to this effect have been in frequency of the Pacific to the Mainland. Orders to this effect have been in frequency of the Special party which has practically purchased the great vessel for the voyage to the Coast is composed entirely of the Shriners.

The Shriners sailed from San Francisco yesterday for this port on the Sierra. The great excursion is in charge of Sladin Temple, of Grand Rapids, Michigan. There will be 225 people in the expedition. Sec. 7. The Secretary of the Territory and the members of the Board of Educa-tion shall perform the duties required by this Act without compensation. Sec. 8. This Act shall become a law from the date of its publication.

LABOR DAY

Government Work To Make That the Limit.

Representative J. K. Hinto yesterday regulate the placing of electric wires introduced House bill 22, of which he in the streets of Honolulu," and also had given notice on March 5. It reads as follows:

An Act to Provide That Eight Hours Either Mcchanical or Industrial.

Territory of Hawaii:

Section 1. On all works, either mechanical or industrial, which shall or may be and now carried on in this Territory of Hawaii, that laborers on such works are to be employed for eight hours on each day's work.

The rules as printed on blanket-form paper contained the amendments. He received an affirmative reply. It still rests with the House to decide whether the rules should be printed in book or pamphlet form.

Dickey moved rule 12 be amended by

in the morning to 12 o'clock at noon; and from 1 o'clock in the afternoon to 4 don.
O'clock in the evening.

AMEND THE PENAL LAWS

Representative J. K. Paele introduced oill 20 into the House yesterday, as fol-

An Act to Amend Sections 872 and 873 of the Penal Laws of 1897. Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the Territory of Hawati:

"Sec. 872. That Board of Health shall Territory of Hawaii," with the consent of the Governor by and with the advice of the Senate of the Territory make rules and regulations for the interment of the dead and respecting cemeteries and burying grounds."

Sec. 3. This Act shall take effect from the date of its approval.

All Sorts of House Bills.

OSS EMMELUTH created the only sensation of the day in the House when he attacked Governor Dole as a "man without backbone." During the heat of an argument on the merits of an amendment which he offered to go with House bill 4, which provides for the appointment of a commission to take evidence concerning injuries to property caused by the action of the Board of Health in connection with the suppression of the bubonic plague, Representative Emmeluth scored Governor Dole for what he considered was a lack of firmness in connection with the fire claim commission appointed last year.

MANY BILLS **PRESENTED**

TTENTIVE and observant, the solons of the House began their labor yesterday auspiclously. The aftermath of the wordy battle of the day before on the extension of the fire limits to include the "burned district" had its effect. As a number of Representatives had given notice on Tuesday that they would in-troduce bills, the title of many of which were novel to say the least, expectancy was written upon the countenances of the legislators. The spec-tators were numerous and appeared to anticipate a repetition of the previous day's humorous proceedings, The minutes were read and approved.

Dickey opened the ball by asking for a reconsideration, as he desired to make a correction. He was granted the privilege by a rising vote. A rule mentioned in the minutes as 12 should have been 18. The amendment was accepted.

Paele offered a petition relating to highways and bridges, in which an ap-propriation of \$25,000 was asked for, and also a breakwater along the coast in the Fifth district. This was referred to the committee on public lands.

Beckley presented a petition from Hauula from a number of residents asking for a new school building. Referred to committee on education.

Haaheo presented a petition from Puua asking for \$12,000 for the construction of a road from Kaola to Kahauolea, a distance of eight miles. The petition was laid on the table to be considered with the appropriation bill.

Prendergast, for the committee on revision, presented a report on bill 2, 'An act to appropriate an emergency fund to be used in repairing damages caused by the late storm," and also on bill 4, "An act to provide for a commission to take evidence concerning injuries to property caused by the action of the Board of Health in connection with the suppression of the bubonic plague in Honolulu on January 20, 1900, and to report thereon," and also bill 7, "An act to authorize and bill 11, "An act to abolish personal taxes;" also bills 12 and 13, saying they had been printed.

Makekau arose to say something Shall Constitute a Legal Day's Work about rules. Prendergast said the rules were still in the hands of the He It Enacted by the Legislature of the printer. Dickey asked Prendergast the rules as printed on blanket-form

Dickey moved rule 12 be amended by Sec. 2. That the eight hours, as provided in section 1 shall constitute a legal day's work in the Territory of Hawaii; and such hours to begin from 8 o'clock order, but later begged Dickey's parorder, but later begged Dickey's par-

Dickey said after the reading of the Sec. 3. This Act shall take effect minutes that an ominous silence fell from and after the date of its publicaupon the House, and it seemed more --- like a Quakers' meeting than the Legislature. He thought it was unneces-sary to vote upon the journal, and hereafter the speaker should allow them to stand approved unless some one made objection. Dickey's motion did not receive a second.

Kekaula offered a resolution to have an item inserted in the appropriation bill for the construction of a warehouse at Hoopula landing, South Kona, Hawaii, to cost \$250. Referred to committee on public improvements.

Dickey made one or two attempts to read rules which he considered in point, but a general tittering caused him to desist in his attempts to find the right ones.

Kumalae presented a bill of which he section 1. That section 872 of the Pehad given previous notice. It was nal Laws be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows: "An act to adopt a flag for the lows: "An act to adopt a flag for the Territory of Hawaii," and it then

Kaniho asked to introduce a bill of which he had given notice on Tuesday, and that it be read the first time by

Sec. 2. That section 873 of the Penal title. Upon motion it passed its first reading. "Sec. 873. Notice shall be given by the Board of Health with the consent of the Governor and by and with the advice of the Senate of all regulations made by it. by publishing the same in some newspand.

by publishing the same in some newspa-per of the district, or where there is no such newspaper, by causing them to be posted in some public places of the town or district; and such notice of said regu-lations shall be deemed legal notice to all persons."

In the session of the Legislature of 1898 an item amounting to \$500 was get wharf at Keauhou, North Kona. Why was the work delayed and what has become of the money?"

The resolution was adopted and the

(Continued on Page 8.)